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# LINEAR MIXED PROBLEM FOR EQUATION OF KVAZI THE EQUATIONS ARE LINEAR IN THE NUMBER OF ISSUES TO BE PUT FEW OF THE SOLUTIONS OF THE INTEGRATED SYSTEMTO BRING TO TAKE OFF.

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#### Anotatsiya

kvazichiziqli equations for mixed boundary issues is required to find the commercial function of the condition of the content. To do this Karateodori condition, the movement of the row Fur'e qullab we will settle the problem.

This mastay in kvazichiziqli mixed problems for equations put. L and depends on the texture of the operator of the space and that we are to take off a few of the issue noted. We have  $\mathcal{F} \in (K \land_{p,q})$ , and  $\mathcal{F}(K,S)$ whom don't look at the xolni finds doing so.

Issue.let's put.

So  $it(t,x) \in \mathcal{L}(g,T)$  required to find the function that, as a result, this function

$$u_{tt} = L_x u + F(t, x, u, \mu) \tag{1}$$

tenglamani  $g_T = (\tau, T) * g$  , and may build in the area

$$u(t,x)|_{t=\tau} = \varphi_{\tau}(x) \tag{2}$$

$$u_t(t,x)|_{t=\tau} = \varphi_\tau(x) \tag{3}$$

Primary and terms and conditions

$$B_G u = 0 (4)$$

May be the content of a boundary condition.

Thus,  $x \in g \subset E$ ,  $^S$ ,  $\varphi_{\varphi}(x)$ ,  $\psi_{\tau}(x)$  optional  $\tau \in [\alpha, \beta]$  o'lchanuvchi for features in a given area.  $\mathcal{F}(t, x, u, \mu)$  given a function, the parameters  $\mu$  of the value assigned in  $g_T$  Karateodori identified and the conditions will build in the area,  $L_x$  superimposed detected the differential expression is positive, b is  $a_G$ -boundary together with the operator  $\mathcal{L}_2(g)$  has a spectrum with dots at  $L_x$  operator is bounded from below we will assume that (1)-(4) the issue then the issue An we are called,  $\mathcal{L}^k(g_{iT})$ -space Banax.

 $L_x$  compared to assuming the operator in accordance with, the differential expression  $L_x$  boundary operator  $B_G$  and g shundayki to the area, results in

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 $L_x it = -\lambda' it$ ,  $B_G u = 0$ . The issue *of a* certain class, we will add features to determine solutions.

<u>1-Definition</u>.  $W_2(L)$  so it(t,x) collection features the character, they are certain  $t \in (\tau,T)$  in the value of L if the area belongs to the operator aniquanish, t on  $L_2(g)$  which is relevant to the second xosila have orderly.

Thus,  $u(t,x) \in W_2(L)$  for the element so that  $T_1 \in (\tau,T)$  that there is, as a result,  $t \in (T_1T)$  bo'present in he(t,x) = 0 is.  $W_2(g)$  features package in  $\mathcal{L}_2(g)$  is dense at. Also, if

 $u(t,x) \in W_2(L)$  if, then

$$\lim_{t \to T} \int_{g} u(t, x) dx = \lim_{t \in T} \int_{g} u_t(t, x) dt = 0$$
 (5)

 $\mathcal{L}^k(g,_T)$  and  $\mathcal{L}_1^{k\,k-1}(g,_T)$  by

$$u(t,x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n(t)\vartheta_n(x)$$

Features ought to sign the package, so that Fur'e pumps will draw:

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\lambda_n^k \max |a_n(t)|)^2$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\lambda_n^k \max |a_n(t)|)^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\lambda_n^{k-1} \max |a_n'(t)|)^2$$

Note. Us 1-ta'rifning last instead of the condition (5) see you can get.

**<u>2-Description</u>**: If  $u(t,x) \in \mathcal{L}^k(g_{-T})$  this equation does integrated content

$$\iint\limits_{\tau} \left\{ u(t,x) [F_{tt}(t,x) - LF(t,x)] - \mathrm{F}\left(t,x,u,\mu\right) F(t,x) \right\} dxdt + \iint\limits_{g} \left[ \varphi_{\tau}(x) F_{t}(t,x) - \psi_{\tau}(x) F_{t}(t,x) \right]_{t \in \tau} = 0$$

(6)

thus,  $F(t,x) \in W_2(L)$ ,  $\mathcal{F}(t,x,u,\mu)$  the operator  $\mathcal{L}_2(g)$  to  $\mathcal{L}_2(g)$  to akslantirish, it s the case.L.Sobolev, O.A.Ladijenskaya, V.A.Il'in on it(t,x) function issues A 's solution, and it briefly  $(\mathcal{L}_T^k, W_2(L))^P$ , we will write as.

Note. You 
$$it(t,x) \in C$$
,  $(g)$ ;  $(-L)^{1/2} \cup (t,x) \in \mathcal{L}_T^T(g)$ ,  $t \in (\tau,T)$  and

$$\int_{q} |u(t,x)|^{p} dx, t \in (\tau, T)$$

let's be the function, he(t, x),  $select(\mathcal{L}_{,k}, W(L))$  appreciate the character.

<u>Note</u>. You 2-ta'rifida  $u(t,x) \in \mathcal{L}^k(g,T)$  if it is , the issue *of a* 's solutionsaccounted for  $(\mathcal{L}_2, W_2(L))^P$  appreciate the character.



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The issue logically A 's of on-demand solutions  $(\mathcal{L}_{T,}^k, W_2(L))^P$  is. But the opposite every time is not reasonable. The issue is A mainly determine  $(\mathcal{L}_{T,}^k, W_2(L))$ , L compared to mostly optional assuming the operator  $(\mathcal{L}_{T}^k, W_2(L))^P$  function L can spread to a number of special Fur'e on the functions of the operator. Almost  $t \in (\tau, T)$  for s  $\mathcal{L}_2(g)$  in a single yoyilma insight.

You it(t, x, ) function  $(\mathcal{L}_{,T}^0, W_2(L))^P$  if,

$$u(t,x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n(t)\vartheta_n(x)$$
 (7)

Thus,

$$a_n(t) = \int_a u(t, x)\vartheta_n(x)dx$$
;  $n = 1, 2, ...$ ;  $\vartheta_n(x) - L$ 

The special functions of the operator. Therefore a solution of problem  $(\mathcal{L}_T^k, W_2(L))$  to (7), you can also search form.

Coefficient of linear equations to find their fur'e the dressing will make the integrated system are few in number.

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