
PARTICIPATION OF CITIZENS IN THE MAINTENANCE OF PUBLIC ORDER SOCIAL NECESSITY

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Annotation

in this article, the concept, types and essence of Public Order and public place are covered by scientists around the world, and the fact that the participation of our citizens in the maintenance of Public Order is a social necessity is the current normative legal acts, as well as scientific analysis and justification by scientists.

Keywords

Public Order, public place, public control, selfless Youth, Active Citizen.

Today, the development of our country in all areas opens up a number of opportunities for our citizens. It is no secret that the changes taking place in various spheres of societies are implemented directly on the basis of the active participation of citizens. Control of the activities of all state bodies implementing state policy is carried out not only by legal acts, but also by public control. The participation of citizens in maintaining order in public places can be a proof of our opinion. Let's first think about what places are called public places. By public space, we can understand the plot of places, buildings, structures and their parts, as well as transport communications, which are allowed to enter without barriers for everyone or are designed to meet the various needs of citizens. According to world scientists, public places are divided into 3 types.

1) public places of a permanent nature – such as, public places are considered to be public places where citizens are permanent or classified with the possibility of being permanent, not defined by the working hours and where there are objects of permanent residence of citizens, and transport highways, roads to them we can include villages, residential areas, neighborhoods, districts, areas of small districts, airports, railway and bus stations.

2) public places of a temporary nature include public places where citizens are temporary or classified with the possibility of being temporary, defined by the working hours and where citizens do not have permanent residence facilities.

3) single-use public places are facilities where mass public events are held and facilities intended for the time of mass public, agricultural and other (ceremonial events and religious ceremonies) events and objects of separate areas are objects.

The continuation of our current peaceful and prosperous life is expressed first of all by how the country's political system is conducted and how citizens react to such policies. We know that maintaining peace in the society is the duty of each of us. But, unfortunately, actions that have a negative impact on the development of our country and disturb the peace of citizens are still continuing. European scientists have mentioned the following manifestations of public order violations:

- drinking alcohol in public places, (except for places specially designated for these purposes) being drunk in public places;

- participating in gambling games for money, things and other valuables in the yard, porch, park, kindergarden, market, transport, beaches and other public places (except for places specially designed for these purposes);

- insulting citizens in public places and other similar actions that disturb public order and peace of citizens.

- boarding freight trains, steps and buffers of city trains and intercity trains

- crossing the traffic section of streets and railways in unknown places.

- breaking the silence by singing loudly, playing musical instruments; apartment repair using technical means

- improper use of fire escape ladders, roofs, attics and basements of houses.

- burning garbage dumps around the house, burning fire near buildings, forest plantations and in the forest.

- bathing in prohibited places, rivers and ponds.

- cutting flowers from lawns and flower beds, collecting protected wild plants, destroying or destroying green areas.

- damage to railway, aviation, motor transport equipment, signaling and communication equipment, transported equipment, containers and other property; throwing rocks and other objects at trains; placing items on railway tracks; access to service zones of air, water and railway transport.

- storage of household and industrial waste in an unspecified place. Stopping trucks between residential buildings and in yards. Driving on footpaths. Parking on lawns and playgrounds.

- Violation of pet care and walking rules

- sports and entertainment events, closing of stands, moving to stands, sports grounds, running grounds and other places for holding competitions or other events, as well as other actions that interfere with the conduct of events.

- the use of things that create a noise effect and interfere with spectators, participants of sports and entertainment events, as well as the use of barriers, lighting devices, platforms for downloading television images, and auxiliary structures for other purposes.

- shouts that demean and humiliate the organizers, performers and spectators of sports and entertainment events.

- Organization of processions on streets, squares and other public places after sports and entertainment events that interfere with the normal operation of transport or disrupt public order, etc.

From the examples given above, we can say that the regulation of such disturbances, which can arise in all spheres at present, without the participation of citizens, will create other new types of difficulties and problems. Therefore, it is necessary to awaken the desire to maintain public order in citizens and to instill in their minds the ideas of love for the homeland, humanity, honesty and brotherhood instead of feelings of indifference and mistrust of society. Because many cases of chaos and violations, as well as crimes, remain unsolved due to the indifference of citizens, their unwillingness to help others, or their unwillingness to spend their time. This causes a number of problems not only in preventing crime, but also in identifying and eliminating it.

It is known that systematic measures aimed at solving this type of problems have been implemented in the judicial system and this process is still ongoing. An example of this is the decision of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On measures to further improve the system of crime prevention and combating crime" dated March 14, 2017 PQ-2833[1] and ensuring the approval of this decision, Also, in order to further strengthen the role of citizens and public organizations in the prevention of offenses and fighting crime, we bring the decision of the Cabinet of Ministers to approve the regulation on the procedure for encouraging citizens and public organizations for their active participation in the prevention of offenses and fighting crime [2]. possible The decision strengthened the procedure for encouraging citizens to participate in crime prevention and fighting crime, according to which it was stated that citizens and public organizations can be encouraged if one of the following grounds exists:

to prevent or stop an administrative offense that is planned to be committed or is being committed intentionally;

preventing the commission of a crime as a result of informing law enforcement agencies about the crime being prepared;

to stop the intentional crime and assist law enforcement agencies in fully exposing it;

uncovering of a crime as a result of identifying evidence that helps to uncover an undetected crime or providing information about the persons who committed it or their whereabouts;

reporting the hidden address of the wanted person in accordance with the law, assisting law enforcement agencies in apprehending him;

identification of a missing person based on the information provided;

active participation and direct implementation of campaigning activities on crime prevention and crime prevention among the population;

implementation of proposals and initiatives to eliminate the causes of crime and the conditions that enable it.

Also, in the decision, proposals on the promotion of citizens and public organizations are made by the bodies that directly implement the prevention of offenses by submitting a proposal on the promotion of citizens and public organizations to the republican and regional interdepartmental commissions on the prevention of offenses and combating crime. is set to be implemented. A report on an administrative offense, a decision to initiate a criminal case, as well as a cancellation of the search against the detained wanted person, before the investigation, investigation, inquiry and investigation are included in the presentation. it is stipulated that the decision of the higher authorities or the ruling of the court should be attached

On April 12, 2018, the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan signed the Law on Public Control[3]. The main goal of this law is to regulate relations in the field of organization and implementation of public control over the activities of state bodies and institutions. The document envisages the participation of citizens and media representatives in monitoring and checking the activities of state bodies. According to the law, subjects of public control include citizens, self-government bodies of citizens, non-governmental non-profit organizations, mass media. The activities of state bodies, in particular, law enforcement and control bodies, and their officials were defined as objects of public control.

Approved by Decree No. PF-5635[4] of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated January 17, 2019

In connection with the implementation of the Action Strategy on the five priority areas of development of the Republic of Uzbekistan in 2017 - 2021, the State

Program for the implementation of the "Active Investments and Social Development Year" [5] and practical advice to the internal affairs bodies in the field of crime prevention and crime fighting in order to effectively organize the activities of public order assistants of preventive (senior) inspectors on providing assistance, the Cabinet of Ministers - Internal Affairs bodies on organizing the activities of preventive (senior) inspectors on public order maintenance the decision was taken.[6]

The Legislative Chamber of the Oliy Majlis of the Republic of Uzbekistan on the implementation of the development strategy of New Uzbekistan for the years 2022 - 2026 in the first quarter of 2022 of the state program on the implementation of the "Glorification of human value and active neighborhood year"[7] After reviewing the report of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan, he noted that the government has taken a number of organizational and practical measures to systematically and qualitatively implement the State Program. In addition, the analysis of the work carried out within the priority directions of the State Program in the past period and the significant statistical indicators have shown that significant results have been achieved in terms of ensuring the implementation of reforms in the economic and social sphere and increasing the level of comprehensive development of the republic's regions. passed. The fact that 6,822 selfless youth public patrol groups have been launched in order to ensure the peace and safety of neighborhoods under all these measures shows once again that the participation of our citizens in maintaining public order is a social necessity for our country. .

It is known that social tension in society increases sharply during emergency situations: natural disasters, major accidents and catastrophes, epidemics, mass killings, socio-economic and political crises, terrorist acts. In such situations, the existence of public structures that contribute to law enforcement and the elimination of the consequences of emergency situations is vital. These factors create the need to search for additional mechanisms for maintaining public order, including the creation of public or public-state organizations of citizens for the protection of public order, and formalize them in legal documents. In modern conditions, it is required to actively involve the public in creating conditions for citizens to provide all-round assistance to internal affairs bodies in the protection of public order, ensuring the law and order regime.[8]

Among the scientists who conducted research within this topic, Ya.Ya. Kyle and S.W. Yepinina analyzes the mechanism of citizen participation in maintaining public order in Great Britain, USA, Spain, Norway and other countries.

According to them, the more active the participation of citizens in the activities of the state administration system is, that is, the more citizens are involved in public affairs, the more successful the political and economic spheres will develop [9, C.33].

It should be said that the participation of citizens in maintaining public order is the most important to determine the measures of this participation, the methods of participation and the forms of mutual cooperation between the authorities and the population [10]. If we analyze the legal regulation of citizens' participation in maintaining public order within the current legislation, it can be seen that this type of activity is not regulated at the legal level.

Also, most of the crimes committed on the street and in public places today are caused by cafes, bars, night clubs and restaurants. Based on this, it is appropriate to introduce the mechanism called "Active Citizen". In particular, according to it, the head of each entertainment facility (cafe, bar...) in the area, using the status of a legal entity, appoints one of his employees to maintain public order in the area of the facility. attaches as 'ul.

The main task of this responsible person - "Active citizen" is to be in constant contact with the bodies responsible for ensuring public safety attached to the area, to eliminate any illegal actions committed in the territory of the object, as well as the reasons and conditions for their commission. is considered as an appeal.[11]

Also, when studying the legislation of Belarus, Ukraine, Russia and Israel regarding the regulation of public order relations and the participation of citizens in it, it can be seen that these relations are regulated within the law [12, B.40]

In conclusion, we can say that in the current period, it is no exaggeration to say that the participation of citizens in maintaining public order has become a social necessity of state policy.

Because in our time, when human rights and freedom are being ensured and wide opportunities are being created for citizens, the attention of the world community is focused on the policy of our country in the field of human rights. This requires public administration bodies to be careful in maintaining public order and working with citizens. That is why it is important to ensure the participation of our citizens in maintaining public order in every aspect of society. But so that such participation does not cause difficulties for citizens, it is necessary to strengthen their legal protection and to reward the results of their participation appropriately in order to sustain the participation of citizens. To do this, first of all, review and adoption of the draft law on the participation of citizens in maintaining public

order [8], which is considered the main direction of the current state policy, will further develop the system of public safety and public order maintenance

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